

K-no.: 25293

300 mA Differential Current Sensor for 5V- Supply Voltage
Date: 04.11.2009

 For electronic current measurement:
 DC, AC, pulsed, mixed ..., with a galvanic
 isolation between primary circuit
 (high power) and secondary circuit
 (electronic circuit)

Customer: Standard type

Customers Part no.:
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Description

- Closed loop (compensation)
Current Sensor with magnetic field probe
- Printed circuit board mounting
- Casing and materials UL-listed

Characteristics

- Excellent accuracy
- Very low offset current
- Very low temperature dependency and offset current drift
- Very low hysteresis of offset current
- Short response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- Compact design
- Reduced offset ripple

Applications

Mainly used for stationary operation in industrial applications:

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power Supplies for welding applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)

Electrical data – Ratings

I_{PN}	Primary rated current, r.m.s	50	A
$I_{\Delta N}$	Differential rated current, r.m.s	0.3	A
V_{out}	Output voltage @ $I_{\Delta P}$	$V_{Ref} \pm (0.74 \cdot I_{\Delta P} / I_{\Delta N})$	V
$V_{out}(0)^*$	Output voltage @ $I_P=0, T_A=25^\circ C$	$V_{Ref} \pm 0.025$	V
V_{out} (Error)	in case of error (current sensor) $V_{out} < 0,5V$ is set	<0.5	V
V_{Ref}	Internal Reference voltage	2.5 ± 0.005	V
	External Reference voltage range	$2,5 \pm 0,100$	V
$V_{Ref}(\text{test current})^{**}$	Reference voltage (external)	0...1	V
$V_{out}(\text{Teststrom})^{**}$	Ausgangsspannung @ $V_{Ref} = 0...1V$	$V_{out}(0) + 0.250 \pm 0.060$	V
K_N	Turns ratio	(1) : 1000	

*) With switching on and after "test current" the current sensor is degaussed by an internal AC-current for about 110ms. Meantime the output is set to $V_{out} < 0.5V$.

**) Due to external $V_{Ref} = 0...1V$ an internal test current is generated.

Accuracy – Dynamic performance data

		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{P,max}$	Max. measuring range (differential current)	± 0.85			
X	Accuracy @ $I_{PN}, T_A = 25^\circ C$			1.5	%
ϵ_L	Linearity			1	%
$V_{out} - V_{Ref}$	Offset voltage @ $I_P=0, T_A = 25^\circ C$			± 25	mV
$\Delta V_o / \Delta T$	Temperature drift of V_{out} @ $I_P=0, T_A = -40...85^\circ C$		0.1		mV/°C
t_r	Response time @ 90% von $I_{\Delta N}$		35		μs
f	Frequency bandwidth	DC...10			kHz

General data

		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
T_A	Ambient operating temperature	-40		+85	°C
T_S	Ambient storage temperature	-40		+85	°C
m	Mass		35		g
V_C	Supply voltage	4.75	5	5.25	V
I_C	Current consumption		16		mA

Date	Name	Issue	Amendment
04.11.09	Le	81	Primary rated current and differential rated current changed. $\ddot{A}A-729$
25.06.09	Le	81	V_{Ref} : changed. Internal = $2.5 \pm 0.005 V$ and external = $2.5 \pm 0.100 V$.

Hrsg.: KB-E editor	Bearb.: Le designer		KB-PM IA: KRe. check	freig.: HS released
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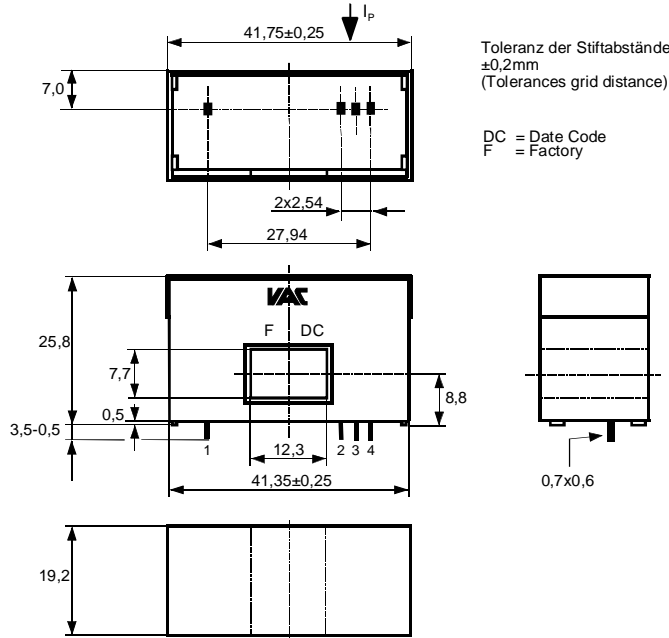
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Mechanical outline (mm):

General tolerances DIN ISO 2768-c



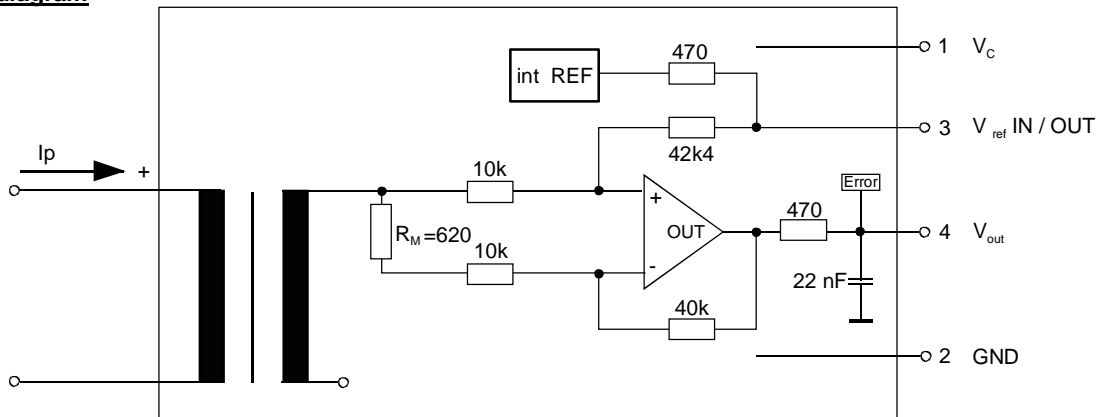
Connections:

1...4: $0,7 \times 0,6$ mm

Marking:

VAC
4646X950
F DC

Schematic diagram



Short clearance and creepage distances due to metallic shielding.

Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100°C .
Additional information is obtainable on request.
This specification is no declaration of warranty acc. BGB §443 dar.

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Electrical Data

		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V_{Ctot}	Maximum supply voltage (without function)			6	V
I_C	Supply Current with primary current	16mA	$+I_{\Delta P} \cdot K_N + V_{out}/R_L$		mA
$I_{out,SC}$	Short circuit output current		± 20		mA
$\Delta X_{Ti} / \Delta V$	Temperature drift of X @ $T_A = -40 \dots +85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$			400	ppm/K
R_S	Secondary coil resistance @ $T_A=85^\circ\text{C}$			80	Ω
$R_{i,Ref}$	Internal resistance of Reference input		470		Ω
$R_{i,(V_{out})}$	Output resistance of V_{out}		470		Ω
R_L	External recommended resistance of V_{out}		100		k Ω
C_L	External recommended capacitance of V_{out}		no limit		pF
$\Delta V_{Ref} / \Delta T$	Temperature drift of V_{Ref} @ $T_A = -40 \dots +85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$			400	ppm/K
$\Delta V_0 = \Delta(V_{out} - V_{Ref})$	Sum of any offset drift including:		16	25	mV
V_{0t}	Longtermdrift of V_0		12		mV
V_{0T}	Temperature drift von V_0 @ $T_A = -40 \dots +85^\circ\text{C}$		10		mV
$\Delta V_0 / \Delta V_C$	Supply voltage rejection ratio		7.5		mV/V
V_{0H}	Hystereses of V_{out} @ $I_P=0$ (after an overload of $1000 \times I_{\Delta N}$)		75	175	mV
$V_{0H, Demag}$	Hystereses after Degaussing			12	mV
V_{oss}	Offsetripple (without external filter)			120	mV
V_{oss}	Offsetripple (with 20 kHz- filter first order)		35	50	mV
V_{oss}	Offsetripple (with 1.6 kHz- filter first order)		10	15	mV
	Mechanical stress according to M3209/3 Settings: 10 – 2000 Hz, 1 min/Decade, 2 hours			1.5g	

Inspection (Measurement after temperature balance of the samples at room temperature)

$V_{out}(I_P=I_{\Delta N})$	(V) M3011/6: Output voltage vs. reference ($I_{\Delta P}=0.4A, 40-80Hz$)	0.972 ... 1.002	V
$V_{out}-V_{Ref}(I_P=0)$	(V) M3226: Offset voltage	± 0.025	V
$V_{out}(\text{test current})$	(V) Output voltage @ $V_{Ref} = 0V$	0.250 ± 0.060	V

Applicable documents

 Current direction: A positive output current appears at point V_{out} , by primary current in direction of the arrow.
 Housing and bobbin material UL-listed: Flammability class 94V-0.
 Enclosures according to IEC529: IP50.

Datum	Name	Index	Ämendment
04.11.09	Le	81	Date updated. ÄA-729
25.06.09	Le	81	Date updated.

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Explanation of sever al of the terms used in the tablets (in alphabetical order)

t_r : Response time (describe the dynamic performance for the specified measurement range), measured as delay time at $I_{\Delta P} = 0,9 \cdot I_{\Delta N}$ between a rectangular current and the output voltage $V_{out}(I_{\Delta p})$

$\Delta t (I_{\Delta Pmax})$: Delay time (describe the dynamic performance for the rapid current pulse rate e.g short circuit current) measured between $I_{\Delta Pmax}$ and the output voltage $V_{out}(I_{\Delta Pmax})$ with a primary current rise of $di_{\Delta P}/dt \geq 100 A/\mu s$.

V_o : Offset voltage between V_{out} and the rated reference voltage of $V_{ref} = 2,5V$.
 $V_o = V_{out}(0) - 2,5V$

V_{OH} : Zero variation of V_o after overloading with a DC of tenfold the rated value

V_{Ot} : Long term drift of V_o after 100 temperature cycles in the range -40 bis 85 °C.

X: Permissible measurement error in the final inspection at RT, defined by

$$X = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{V_{out}(I_{\Delta N}) - V_{out}(0)}{0,625V} - 1 \right| \%$$

$X_{ges}(I_{\Delta N})$: Permissible measurement error including any drifts over the temperature range by the current measurement I_{PN}

$$X_{ges} = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{V_{out}(I_{\Delta N}) - 2,5V}{0,625V} - 1 \right| \% \quad \text{or} \quad X_{ges} = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{V_{out}(I_{\Delta N}) - V_{ref}}{0,625V} - 1 \right| \%$$

ϵ_L : Linearity fault defined by
$$e_L = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{I_{\Delta P}}{I_{\Delta N}} - \frac{V_{out}(I_{\Delta P}) - V_{out}(0)}{V_{out}(I_{\Delta N}) - V_{out}(0)} \right| \%$$

This "Additional information" is no declaration of warranty according BGB §443.

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